to the public and to engage in any conduct prohibited under this law; or to collect, gather, congregate or be a member of a group or a crowd of people who are gathered together in any public place or place open to the public engaging in any conduct prohibited under this law.

- (b) "Public place" means any public street, road, or highway, alley, lane, sidewalk, crosswalk, or other public way, or any public resort, place of amusement, park, playground, public building or grounds appurtenant thereto, school building or school grounds, public parking lot, or any vacant lot.
- (c) "Place open to the public" means any place open to the public or any place to which the public is invited, and in, on, or around any privately owned place of business, private parking lot, or private institution, including places of worship, cemetery, or any place of amusement and entertainment whether or not a charge of admission or entry thereto is made, and including the elevator, lobby, halls, corridors and areas open to the public of any store, office, or apartment building.

20A-2.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to loiter at, on or in a public place or place open to the public so as:
- (1) To interfere, impede or hinder the free passage of pedestrian or vehicular traffic; or
- (2) To interfere with, obstruct, harass, curse, or threaten or do physical harm to another member or members of the public; or
- (3) To cause, by words, acts or other conduct, a reasonable likelihood of a breach of the peace or disorderly conduct.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to loiter as defined in Section 20A-1 at a public place or place open to the public and to fail to obey the direction of a uniformed police officer or the direction of a properly identified police officer not in uniform to move on, when not to obey the direction shall endanger the public peace.

201 3

It shall be unlawful for any person at a public place or place open to the public to refuse to identify himself by name and address at the request of a uniformed police officer or of a properly identified police officer not in uniform, if the surrounding circumstances are such as to indicate to a reasonable man that the public safety requires this identification.

20A-4 20A-3.

Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit orderly picketing or other lawful assembly.

20A-5 20A-4.

Any person violating any of the provisions herein shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sub-